AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF NORWAY
AND THE UNITED NATIONS
ON THE ENFORCEMENT OF SENTENCES OF
THE INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL TRIBUNAL
FOR THE FORMER YUGOSLAVIA

THE GOVERNMENT OF NORWAY, (hereinafter called the "requested State"), and

THE UNITED NATIONS acting through the International Criminal Tribunal
for the Former Yugoslavia (hereinafter called "the International Tribunal");

RECALLING Article 27 of the Statute of the International Tribunal adopted by
Security Council resolution 827 (1993) of 25 May 1993, according to which
imprisonment of persons sentenced by the International Tribunal shall be served
in a State designated by the International Tribunal from a list of States which
have indicated to the Security Council their willingness to accept convicted
persons;

NOTING the willingness of the requested State to enforce sentences imposed by
the International Tribunal and to accept a limited number of convicted persons
upon request from the International Tribunal, based on an individual
assessment by that State in each particular case;

RECALLING the provisions of the Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment
of Prisoners approved by ECOSOC resolutions 663 C(XXIV) of 31 July 1957 and
2067 (LXII) of 13 May 1977 (hereinafter called the “Standard Minimum Rules for
the Treatment of Prisoners”), the Body of Principles for the Protection of all
Persons under any Form of Detention or Imprisonment adopted by General
Assembly resolution 43/173 of 9 December 1988 (hereinafter called the “Body of
Principles for the Protection of all Persons under any form of Detention or
Imprisonment”), and the Basic Principles for the Treatment of Prisoners adopted
by General Assembly resolution 45/111 of 14 December 1990 (hereinafter called
the “Basic Principles for the Treatment of Prisoners”);

IN ORDER to give effect to the judgements and sentences of the International
Tribunal;

HAVE AGREED as follows:
Article 1

Purpose and Scope of the Agreement

This Agreement shall regulate matters relating to or arising out of all requests to the requested State to enforce sentences imposed by the International Tribunal.

Article 2

Procedure

1. A request to enforce a sentence as contemplated in this Agreement shall be made by the Registrar of the International Tribunal (hereinafter: “the Registrar”), with the approval of the President of the International Tribunal, to the requested State.

2. The Registrar shall provide the following documents to the requested State when making the request:

   a) a certified copy of the judgement;
   b) a statement indicating how much of the sentence has already been served, including information on any pre-trial detention;
   c) when appropriate, any medical or psychological reports on the convicted person, any recommendation for his further treatment in the requested State and any other factor relevant to the enforcement of the sentence.

3. All requests to the requested State shall be made through its Ministry of Justice.

4. The requested State shall submit the request to the competent national authorities, in accordance with the national law of the requested State.

5. The competent national authorities of the requested State shall promptly decide upon the request of the Registrar.

Article 3

Enforcement

1. In enforcing the sentence pronounced by the International Tribunal, the competent national authorities of the requested State shall be bound by the duration of the sentence.

2. The conditions of imprisonment shall be governed by the law of the requested State, subject to the supervision of the International Tribunal, as provided for in Articles 6 to 8 and paragraphs 2 and 3 of Article 9 below.

3. If, pursuant to the applicable national law of the requested State, the
convicted person is eligible for early release, the requested State shall notify the Registrar accordingly.

4. The President of the International Tribunal shall determine, in consultation with the Judges of the International Tribunal, whether any early release is appropriate. The Registrar shall inform the requested State of the President's determination. If the President determines that an early release is not appropriate, the requested State shall act accordingly.

5. Conditions of imprisonment shall be compatible with the Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners, the Body of Principles for the Protection of All Persons under Any Form of Detention or Imprisonment and the Basic Principles for the Treatment of Prisoners.

**Article 4**

*Transfer of the convicted person*

The Registrar shall make appropriate arrangements for the transfer of the convicted person from the International Tribunal to the competent authorities of the requested State. Prior to his transfer, the convicted person will be informed by the Registrar of the contents of this Agreement.

**Article 5**

*Non-bis-in-idem*

The convicted person shall not be tried before a court of the requested State for acts constituting serious violations of international humanitarian law under the Statute of the International Tribunal, for which he has already been tried by the International Tribunal.

**Article 6**

*Inspection*

1. The competent authorities of the requested State shall allow the inspection of the conditions of detention and treatment of the prisoner(s) by the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) at any time and on a periodic basis, the frequency of visits to be determined by the ICRC. The ICRC will submit a confidential report based on the findings of these inspections to the requested State and to the President of the International Tribunal.

2. The requested State and the President of the International Tribunal shall consult each other on the findings of the reports referred to in paragraph 1. The President of the International Tribunal may thereafter request the requested State to report to him any changes in the conditions of detention suggested by the ICRC.
Article 7

Information

1. The requested State shall immediately notify the Registrar:
   a) two months prior to the completion of the sentence;
   b) if the convicted person has escaped from custody before the sentence has been completed;
   c) if the convicted person has deceased.

2. Notwithstanding the previous paragraph, the Registrar and the requested State shall consult each other on all matters relating to the enforcement of the sentence upon the request of either party.

Article 8

Pardon and commutation of sentences

1. If, pursuant to the applicable national law of the requested State, the convicted person is eligible for pardon or commutation of the sentence, the requested State shall notify the Registrar accordingly.

2. The President of the International Tribunal shall determine, in consultation with the Judges of the International Tribunal, whether pardon or commutation of the sentence is appropriate. The Registrar shall inform the requested State of the President's determination. If the President determines that a pardon or commutation of the sentence is not appropriate, the requested State shall act accordingly.

Article 9

Termination of enforcement

1. The enforcement of the sentence shall cease:
   a) when the sentence has been completed;
   b) upon the demise of the convicted;
   c) upon the pardon of the convicted;
   d) following a decision of the International Tribunal as referred to in paragraph 2.

2. The International Tribunal may at any time decide to request the termination of the enforcement in the requested State and transfer the convicted person to another state or to the International Tribunal.

3. The competent authorities of the requested State shall terminate the enforcement of the sentence as soon as it is informed by the Registrar of any decision or measure as a result of which the sentence ceases to be enforceable.
Article 10

Impossibility to enforce sentence

If, at any time after the decision has been taken to enforce the sentence, for any legal or practical reasons, further enforcement has become impossible, the requested State shall promptly inform the Registrar. The Registrar shall make the appropriate arrangements for the transfer of the convicted person. The competent authorities of the requested State shall allow for at least sixty days following the notification of the Registrar before taking other measures on the matter.

Article 11

Costs

The International Tribunal shall bear the expenses related to the transfer of the convicted person to and from the requested State, unless the parties agree otherwise. The requested State shall pay all other expenses related to the incarceration.

Article 12

Entry into force

This Agreement shall enter into force upon signature.

Article 13

Duration of the Agreement

1. This Agreement shall remain in force as long as sentences of the International Tribunal are being enforced by the requested State under the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

2. Upon consultation, either party may terminate this Agreement, with two months' prior notice to the other party. This Agreement shall however, in any case continue to be applicable to sentences under this Agreement which have not been completed or terminated and, if applicable, to the transfer of the convicted person as provided for in Article 10 which has not been effected.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned, duly authorized thereto, have signed this Agreement.

Done at The Hague this twenty-fourth day of April 1998, in duplicate, in the English language.

FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF NORWAY

FOR THE UNITED NATIONS

Bjørn Garth
Ambassador

Dorothee de Sampayo Garrido-Nijgh
Registrar
International Criminal Tribunal
for the former Yugoslavia