UNITED NATIONS		D 23848-D 23839 30 SEPANDER 209		¥.
	International Tribunal for the Prosecution of	Case No.	IT-04-81-T	_
	Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in	Date:	30 September 2009	
375	the Territory of Former Yugoslavia since 1991	Original:	English	

#### **IN TRIAL CHAMBER I**

Before:	Judge Bakone Justice Moloto, Presiding Judge Pedro David Judge Michèle Picard
Registrar:	Mr. John Hocking
Decision of:	30 September 2009

#### PROSECUTOR

v.

## MOMČILO PERIŠIĆ

## **PUBLIC**

#### SECOND DECISION IN RESPECT OF SREBRENICA AGREED FACTS

### **The Office of the Prosecutor**

Mr. Mark Harmon Mr. Daniel Saxon

#### **Counsel for the Accused**

Mr. Novak Lukić Mr. Gregor Guy-Smith 23848

T-04-81-T

**TRIAL CHAMBER I** ("Trial Chamber") of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the former Yugoslavia since 1991 ("Tribunal"),

**BEING SEISED** of the "Joint Motion to Amend Srebrenica Agreed Facts" with "Amended Annex B" and "Amended Srebrenica Agreed Facts" filed publicly on 25 September 2009 ("Joint Motion") by the Prosecution and the Defence ("Parties");

**NOTING** that on 23 July 2009, the Parties filed publicly a "Joint Submission in Respect of Srebrenica Agreed Facts" with Annexes A and B containing a list of 30 agreed facts ("Joint Submission") and that, on 19 August 2009, the Trial Chamber issued a decision accepting the agreed facts listed in the Joint Submission ("Srebrenica Agreed Facts");<sup>1</sup>

**NOTING** that, in the Joint Motion, the Parties seek leave of the Trial Chamber (i) to amend the Srebrenica Agreed Facts by incorporating one newly agreed fact<sup>2</sup> and (ii) to permit the substitution of the Srebrenica Agreed Facts with the list of agreed facts attached to the Joint Motion;<sup>3</sup>

**NOTING** that Rule 65 *ter* (H) of the Rules of Procedure and Evidence ("Rules") provides that "[t]he pre-trial Judge shall record the points of agreement and disagreement on matters of law and fact" and that Rule 65 *ter* (M) of the Rules provides that "[t]he Trial Chamber may *proprio motu* exercise any of the functions of the pre-trial Judge";

**NOTING** Rule 89(C) of the Rules which provides that "[a] Chamber may admit any relevant evidence which it deems to have probative value";

**CONSIDERING** that the agreed facts listed in the annexes attached to the Joint Motion are of relevance and probative value to the current case;

PURSUANT TO RULES 65 ter (H), 65 ter (M) and 89(C) of the Rules

**GRANTS** the Joint Motion;

WITHDRAWS the Srebrenica Agreed Facts from the evidence record; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Decision in Respect of Srebrenica Agreed Facts, 19 August 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The newly agreed fact reads as follows: "The Bosnian Muslim civilians who were bussed out of Potoćari were not making a free choice to leave the area of the enclave but were forcibly transferred from it by the VRS", *see* Joint Motion, para. 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Joint Motion, paras 3, 6. The list of agreed facts attached to the Joint Motion differs from the Srebrenica Agreed Facts only for the newly agreed fact.

**ADMITS** into evidence the newly agreed facts as contained in the Annex A attached to the current Decision.

Done in English and French, the English version being authoritative.

Judge Bakone Justice Moloto Presiding Judge

Dated this thirtieth day of September 2009 At The Hague The Netherlands

## [Seal of the Tribunal]

#### THE INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL TRIBUNAL FOR THE FORMER YUGOSLAVIA

PROSECUTOR

v.

# MOMČILO PERIŠIĆ

## **PUBLIC**

## ANNEX A TO

#### SECOND DECISION IN RESPECT OF SREBRENICA AGREED FACTS

# SREBRENICA AGREED FACTS

	INDICTMENT – PARA 57
1.	Between 12 July and about 17 July 1995, thousands of Bosnian Muslim men were captured by, or surrendered to, Bosnian Serb forces.
2.	From about early autumn 1995, the Bosnian Serbs engaged in a concerted effort to conceal the mass killings by relocating the primary graves to remote secondary gravesites.
3.	From July 1995 onwards, thousands of Bosnian Muslim civilian women, children and elderly men were bussed out of Potočari and other areas surrounding Srebrenica, under the control of VRS forces, to Kladanj and other non-Serb areas of BiH.
3 (a)	The Bosnian Muslim civilians who were bussed out of Potočari were not making a free choice to leave the area of the enclave but were forcibly transferred from it by the VRS.
	SCHEDULE D PARA 1.1
4.	<b>12 July 1995:</b> The bodies of nine men who had been killed were discovered on 12 July in a field near the river, about 500 metres from the UN Compound. The location where the bodies were found is on the west side of the main road. Budak is on the west side of the main road.
	<u>SCHEDULE D – PARA 1.2</u>
5.	<b>12 July 1995:</b> On the morning of 12 July corpses of nine or ten men were found about seven hundred meters from the UN Compound. The bodies were located behind the White House in the vicinity of an electrical station near a creek.
	SCHEDULE D - PARA 1.3
6.	13 July 1995: The bodies of six Bosnian Muslim women and five Bosnian Muslim men were found in a stream near the Express Bus Company Compound in Potočari.

7.	<b>13 July 1995:</b> One Bosnian Muslim man was taken behind a building near the "White House" and summarily executed.
	SCHEDULE D – PARA 1.4, SECOND PARAGRAPH
8.	The largest groups of Bosnian Muslim men from the column were captured on 13 July 1995; several thousand were collected in or near the Sandići Meadow and on the Nova Kasaba football field. The Bosnian Muslim men who had been separated from the women, children and elderly in Potočari (numbering approximately 1,000) were transported to Bratunac and subsequently joined by Bosnian Muslim men captured from the column.
9.	About one third of the Bosnian Muslim column was comprised of soldiers from the 28 <sup>th</sup> Division, and about two-thirds were Bosnian Muslim civilian men from Srebrenica.
	SCHEDULE D – PARA 2.1
10.	12 - 13 July 1995: Between 12 and 14 July more than 50 Bosnian Muslim men were summarily executed in and around the Vuk Karadžić School.
	SCHEDULE D – PARA 2.2
11.	<b>13 July 1995:</b> One mentally retarded Bosnian Muslim man, who was detained in a bus parked in front of the Vuk Karadžić School, was taken off the bus and executed, on 13 July.
	<u>SCHEDULE D – PARA 2.4</u>
12.	<b>13 July 1995:</b> Between 13 and 15 July a number of men were taken from the Vuk Karadžić School and murdered.
	SCHEDULE D – PARA 2.5
13.	Bosnian Muslim men from Potočari, who had spent the night on 13 July in Bratunac town, went the following day to various temporary detention facilities and execution sites in the Bratunac and Zvornik

	municipalities.
	SCHEDULE D – PARA 3
14.	Over a seven-day period from 12 July until about 19 July 1995, VRS and MUP forces participated in a planned and organised mass execution and burial of thousands of captured Bosnian Muslim men from the Srebrenica enclave. This organised killing operation occurred in several different locations in and around Srebrenica, Bratunac, and Zvornik.
15.	Some were killed individually or in small groups by the soldiers who captured them and some were killed in the places where they were temporarily detained.
	SCHEDULE D – PARA 3.3
16.	<b>13 July 1995, Cerska Valley:</b> On 13 July VRS and/or MUP soldiers transported about 150 Bosnian Muslim men to an area along a dirt road in the Cerska Valley, about three (3) kilometers from Konjević Polje, summarily executed them and, using heavy equipment, covered them with dirt.
	SCHEDULE D – PARA 3.4
17.	13 July 1995, Kravica Warehouse: In the evening hours, VRS and/or MUP soldiers summarily executed over 1,000 Bosnian Muslim men detained in a large warehouse in the village of Kravica. Automatic weapons, hand grenades, and other weaponry were used to kill the Bosnian Muslims inside the warehouse. Between 14 and 16 July 1995, heavy equipment arrived and removed the victims' bodies to two large mass graves located in the nearby villages of Glogova and Ravnice.
	SCHEDULE D – PARA 3.5
18.	14 July 1995, Orahovac (near Lazete): During the day of 14 July 1995, VRS personnel transported hundreds of Bosnian Muslim males from in and around Bratunac to the Grbavci School in the village of Orahovac. These Bosnian Muslim men had been captured from the column of men retreating from the Srebrenica enclave or separated in Potočari. On 14 July 1995, VRS personnel guarded and blindfolded the Bosnian Muslim males detained at the Grbavci School. In the early afternoon of 14 July 1995, VRS personnel transported these Bosnian Muslim males from the school at Grbavci to a nearby field, where VRS

	personnel ordered the prisoners off the trucks and summarily executed them with automatic weapons. Approximately 1,000 Bosnian Muslim males were killed. On 14 and 15 July 1995, VRS members used heavy equipment to bury the victims in mass graves at the execution site, while the executions continued.
	<u>SCHEDULE D – PARA 3.6</u>
19.	14 July 1995, The Petkovci School: VRS and/or MUP personnel transported at least 1,000 Bosnian Muslim males from detention sites in and around Bratunac to the school at Petkovci. These Bosnian Muslim men had been captured from the column of men retreating from the Srebrenica enclave or separated in Potočari. On 14 July 1995 and the early morning hours of 15 July 1995, VRS and/or MUP personnel struck, beat, assaulted and shot with automatic weapons some of the Bosnian Muslim males detained at the school.
	SCHEDULE D – PARA 3.7
20.	<b>14 July 1995, The "Dam" near Petkovci:</b> On or about the evening of 14 July 1995 and the early morning hours of 15 July 1995, VRS personnel drivers and trucks transported the surviving members of the group of at least 1,000 Bosnian Muslim males from the school at Petkovci to an area below the Dam near Petkovci. They were assembled below the Dam and summarily executed by VRS or MUP soldiers with automatic weapons. In the morning of 15 July 1995, VRS personnel used excavators and other heavy equipment to bury the victims.
	SCHEDULE D – PARA 3.8
21.	14 - 15 July 1995, Pilica School: VRS and/or MUP personnel transported a number of Bosnian Muslim males from detention sites in Bratunac to the school at Pilica. These Bosnian Muslim men had been captured from the column of men retreating from the Srebrenica enclave or separated in Potočari. On or about 14 and 15 July 1995, VRS military personnel shot and killed some of the Bosnian Muslim males who had arrived, or were being detained, at the school.
	SCHEDULE D – PARA 3.9
22.	On 14 July 1995, Bosnian Muslim prisoners from Bratunac were bussed to a school in the village of Pilica and detained there until 16 July 1995 when they were taken out of the school and loaded onto buses with their hands tied behind their backs.

23.	They were then driven to the Branjevo Military Farm where groups of 10 were lined up and shot.
24.	Drina Corps Military Police were engaged in guarding the Bosnian Muslim prisoners in the buses that took them to the Branjevo Military Farm and Zvornik Brigade equipment was used for activities relating to the burial of the victims.
	SCHEDULE D – PARA 3.10
25.	16 July 1995, Pilica Cultural Centre: VRS personnel travelled a short distance to the village of Pilica and worked with other VRS and/or MUP personnel to summarily execute, with automatic weapons, approximately 500 men inside the Pilica Cultural Centre. These Bosnian Muslim men had been captured from the column of men retreating from the Srebrenica enclave or separated in Potočari. On 17 July 1995, VRS personnel retrieved the bodies of the victims from the Pilica Cultural Centre and transported them to the Branjevo Military Farm. On 17 July 1995, VRS personnel participated in the burial of the victims of the Pilica School executions in a mass grave at the Branjevo Military Farm.
	SCHEDULE D - PARA 3.11
26.	16 July 1995, Kozluk: On 15 or 16 July 1995, VRS and/or MUP soldiers transported about 500 Bosnian Muslim males to an isolated place near Kozluk and summarily executed them with automatic weapons. These Bosnian Muslim men had been captured from the column of men retreating from the Srebrenica enclave or separated in Potočari. On 16 July 1995, VRS soldiers buried the victims of the executions in a mass grave nearby.
	<u>SCHEDULE D – PARA 4.1</u>
27.	<b>Nova Kasaba:</b> On 27 July 1995 the United States Government took an aerial photograph of an area near Nova Kasaba, which showed the presence of disturbed earth in four distinct locations. Four primar y, undisturbed graves in the Nova Kasaba area were exhumed in July 1996. The graves, located in two fields, contained the bodies of 33 male victims. Twenty-seven of the men had their hands tied behind their backs.
	SCHEDULE D - PARA 4.2

28.	<b>Glogova:</b> In the year 2000, the bodies of 12 men were founded in the Glogova L grave. The victims had been tied together in pairs and were shot.
	<u>SCHEDULE D – PARA 4.3</u>
29.	13 - 14 July 1995, Kravica Market: In Kravica, some trucks stopped by a supermarket on 13 July. The soldiers guarding the truck started mistreating people and hitting them through the canvas.
	<u>SCHEDULE D – PARA 5.1</u>
30.	<b>19 July 1995, Nezuk:</b> VRS personnel captured 11 Bosnian Muslim males from the column and summarily executed with automatic weapons 10 of them at a place near Nezuk.